



Rijksinstituut voor Volksgezondheid
en Milieu
*Ministerie van Volksgezondheid,
Welzijn en Sport*

Meetnet Hemelhelderheid Nederland



Rijksinstituut voor Volksgezondheid
en Milieu

*Ministerie van Volksgezondheid,
Welzijn en Sport*

Inhoud

1. Voorgeschiedenis
2. Meetnet, lokaties,
apparatuur, kalibratie
3. Meetresultaten
4. Bruikbaarheid data



Achtergrond

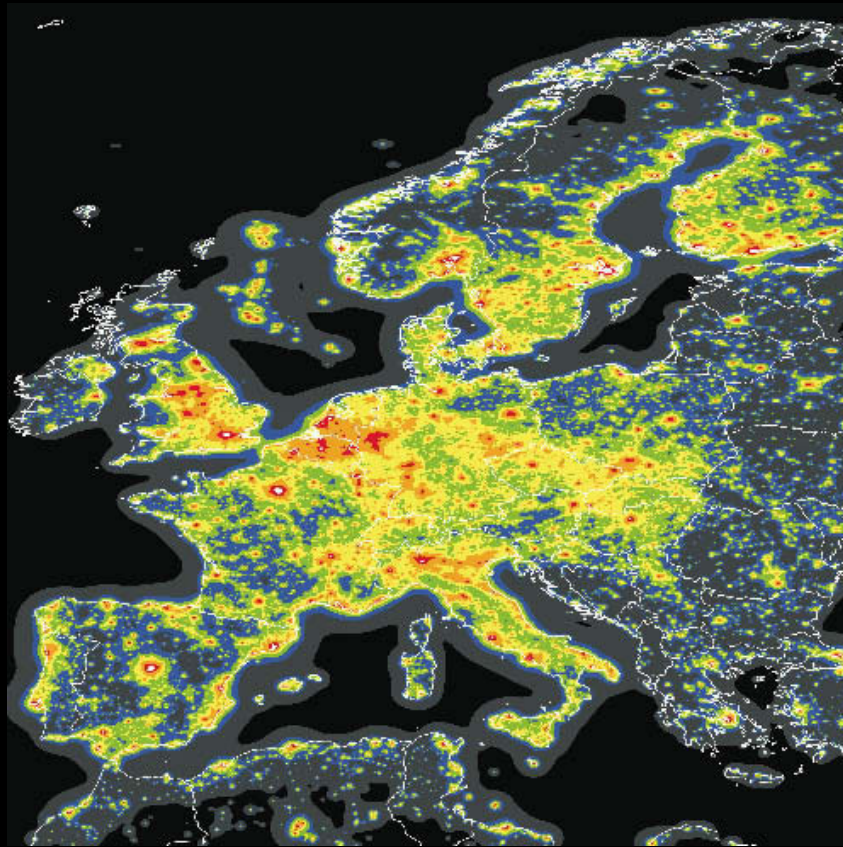
- 2010:
 - Provincies + VROM: IPO-PRISMA project “donkerte”
-> welke bestuurlijke mogelijkheden hebben we om iets aan donkertebeleid te doen?
 - VROM: wij maken beleid
-> RIVM, kunnen jullie voor ons de lichtemissie in Nederland gaan monitoren?
 - Start hemelhelderheidsmetingen Cabauw
 - wolkenhoogte, wolkenbedekkingsgraad, aerosolen



- 2011: Light Pollution and the Absence of Darkness
 - Metingen CESAR
 - Meetnet Hemelhelderheid Nederland
 - Veldonderzoek lichtuitstoot brongebieden
 - Model valideren en mogelijk verbeteren -> blootstelling
 - Literatuuronderzoek effecten flora&fauna NL
 - Literatuuronderzoek nachtelijke verlichting -> gezondheidseffecten
 - Hinderbelevingsstudie



Night sky brightness



Cinzano et al.

Light emission





Lichtemissie 2006

DMSP-OLS

Lichtemissie ($\bullet 10^{-10}$ W/cm²/sr)

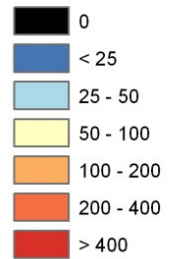
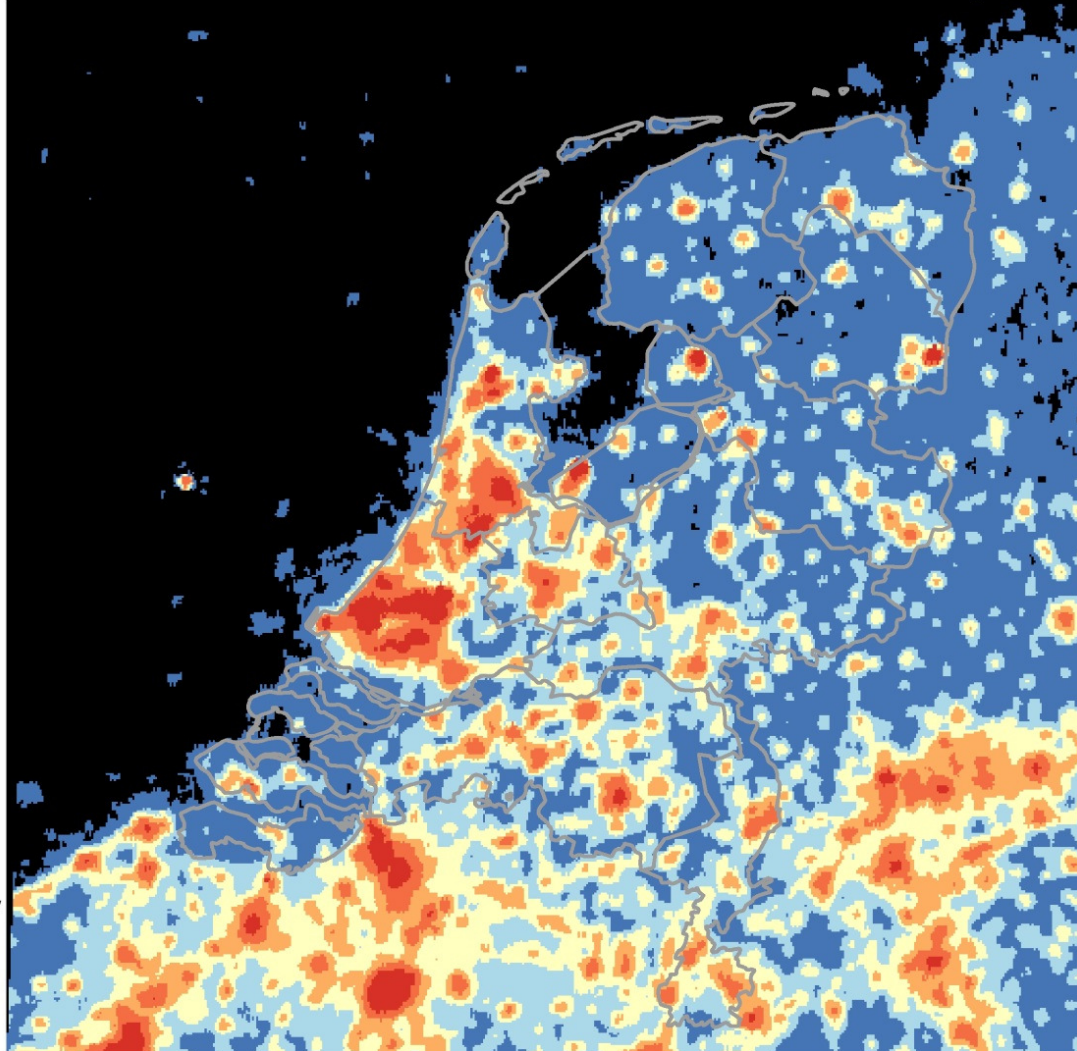
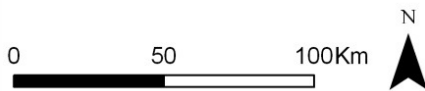


Image and Data processing by NOAA's National Geophysical Data Center. DMSP data collected by the US Air Force Weather Agency.





Lichtemissie 2012

VIIRS

Lichtemissie ($\cdot 10^{-10}$ W/cm²/sr)

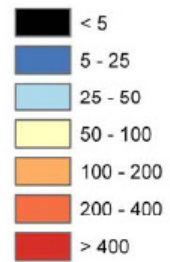
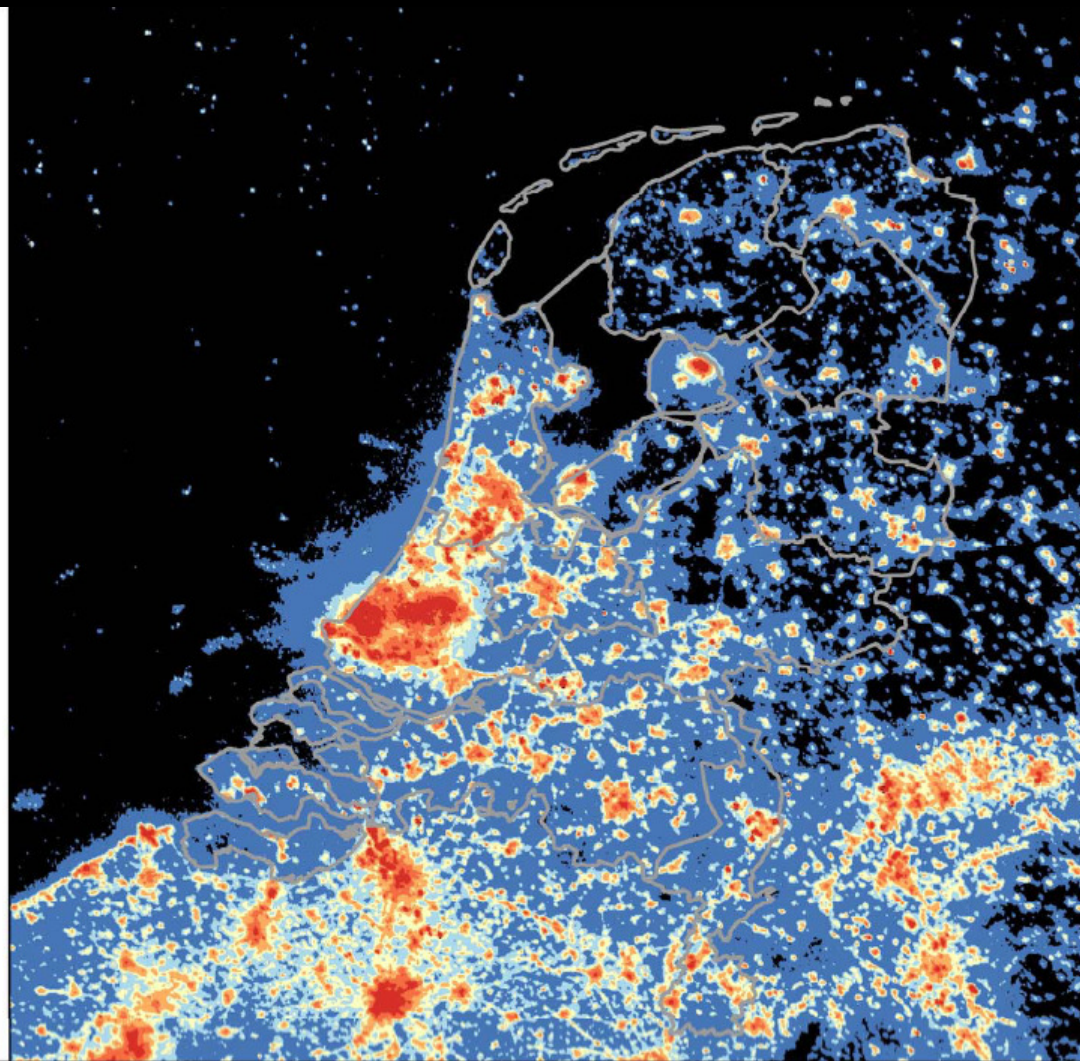
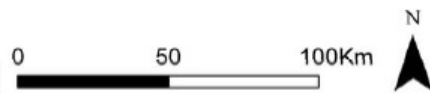


Image and Data processing by the Earth Observation Group, NOAA National Geophysical Data Center.



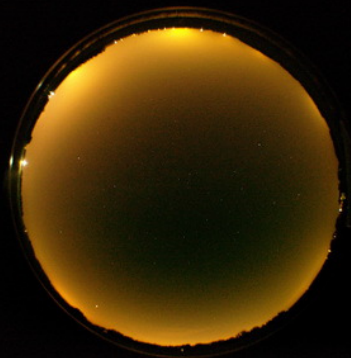
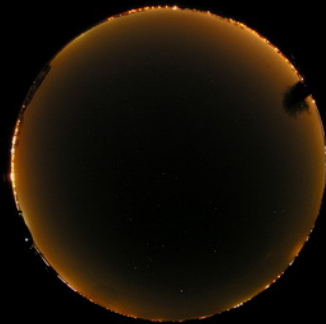


Modellering

Input →	Model →	Output
Licht emissie (satelliet data)	Garstang, Cinzano, etc.	Luminantie in zenith (hemelhelderheid)
Licht emissie (armaturen)	GeoLicht (Provincies + I&M)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Luminantie in zenith (hemelhelderheid)▪ Horizonvervuiling

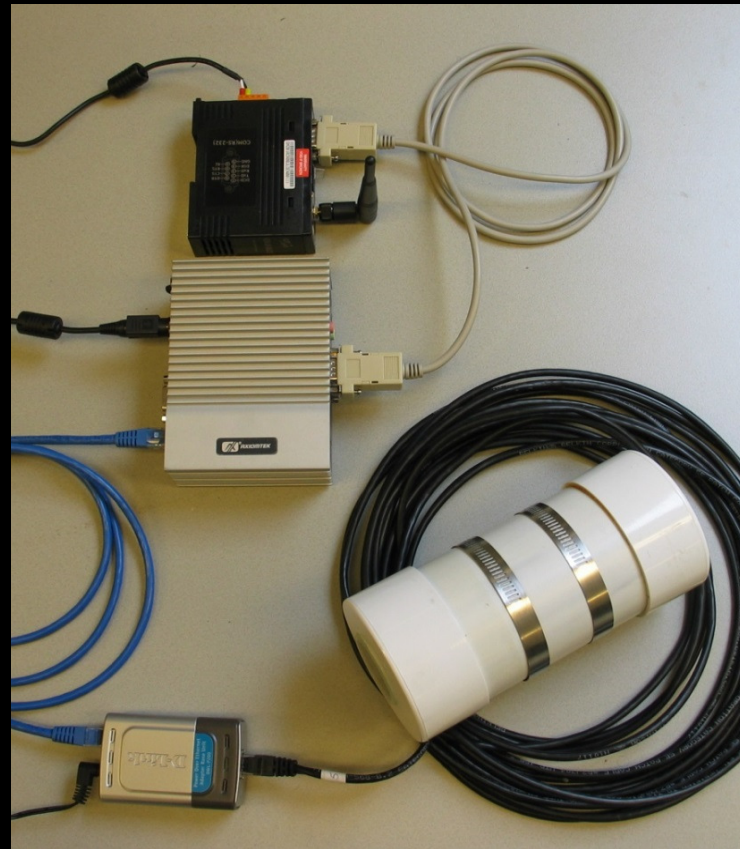


Hemmelhelderheid - all sky cam





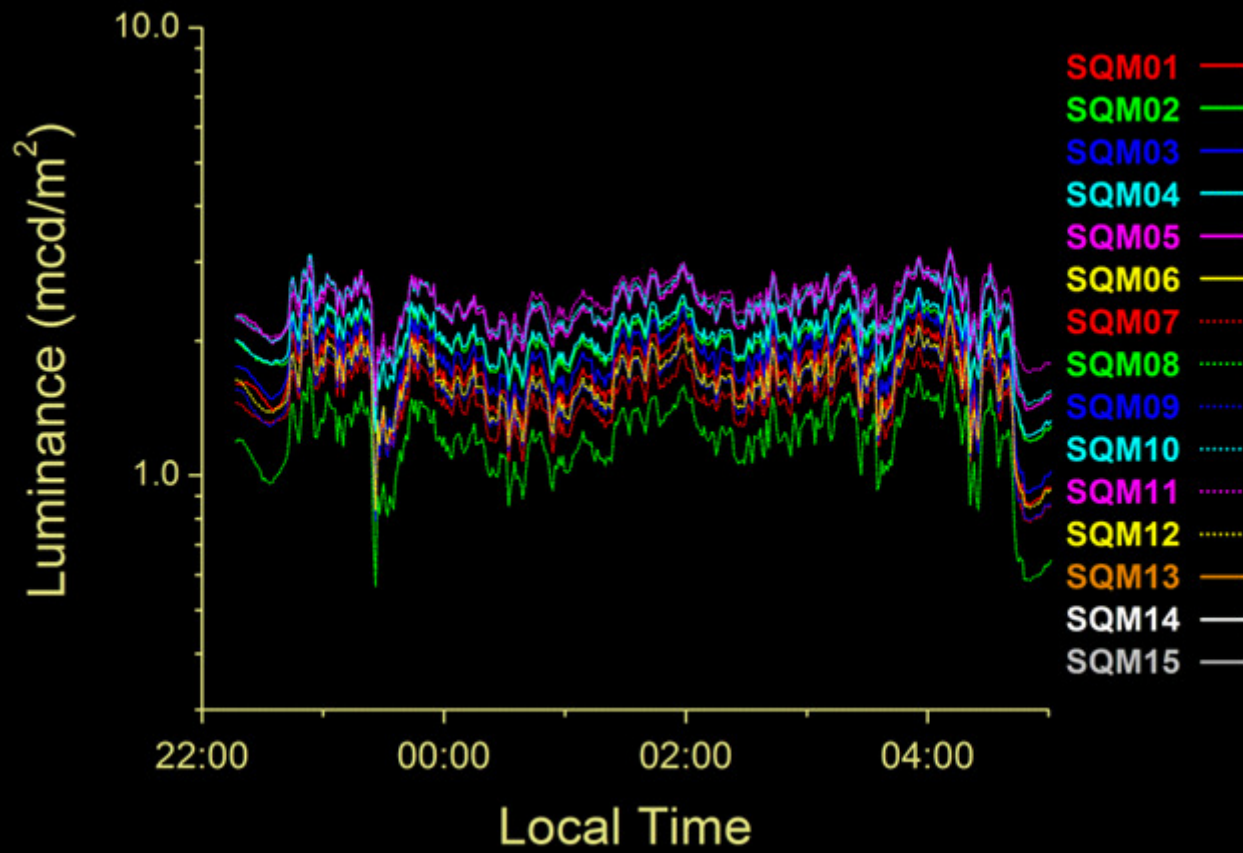
Hemelhelderheid - sky quality meter

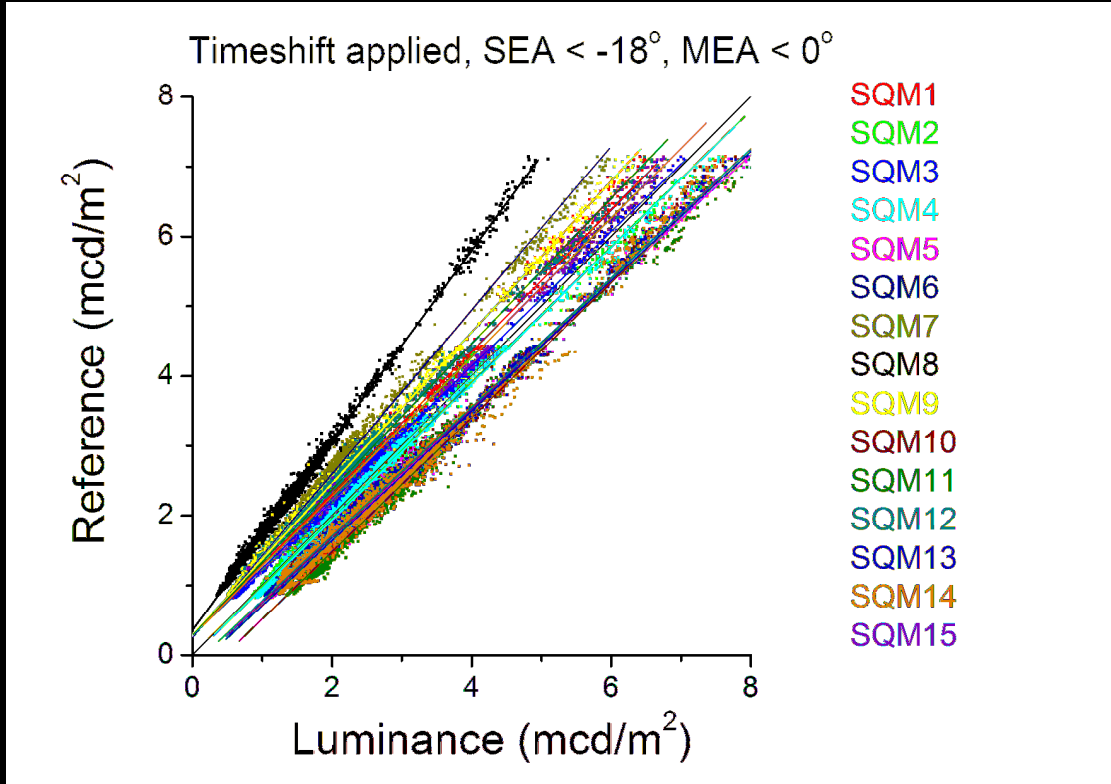


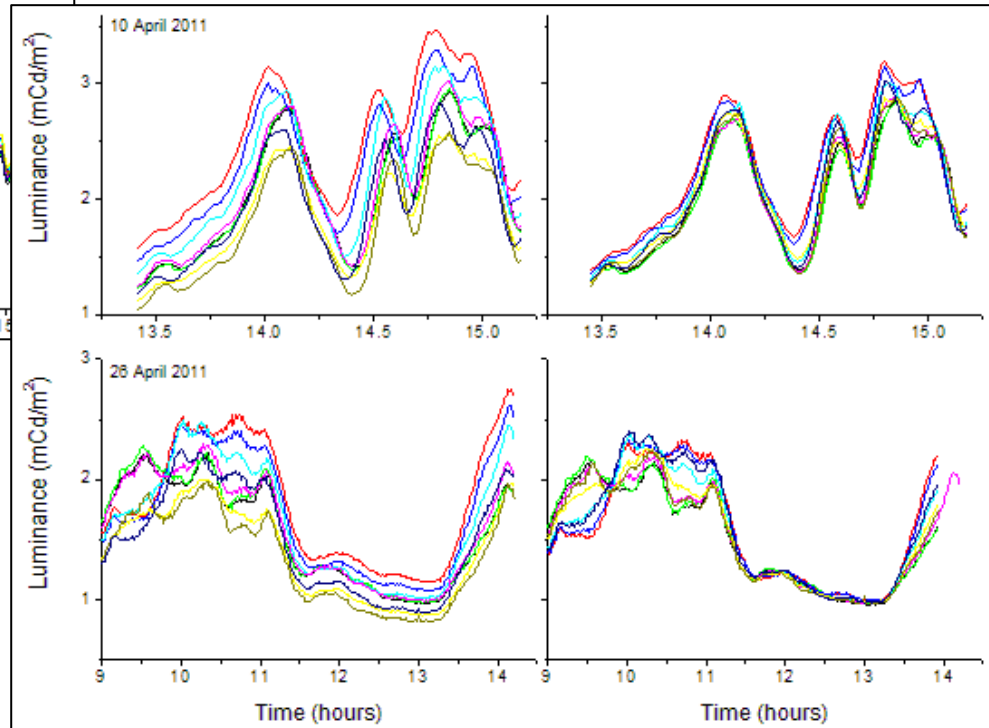
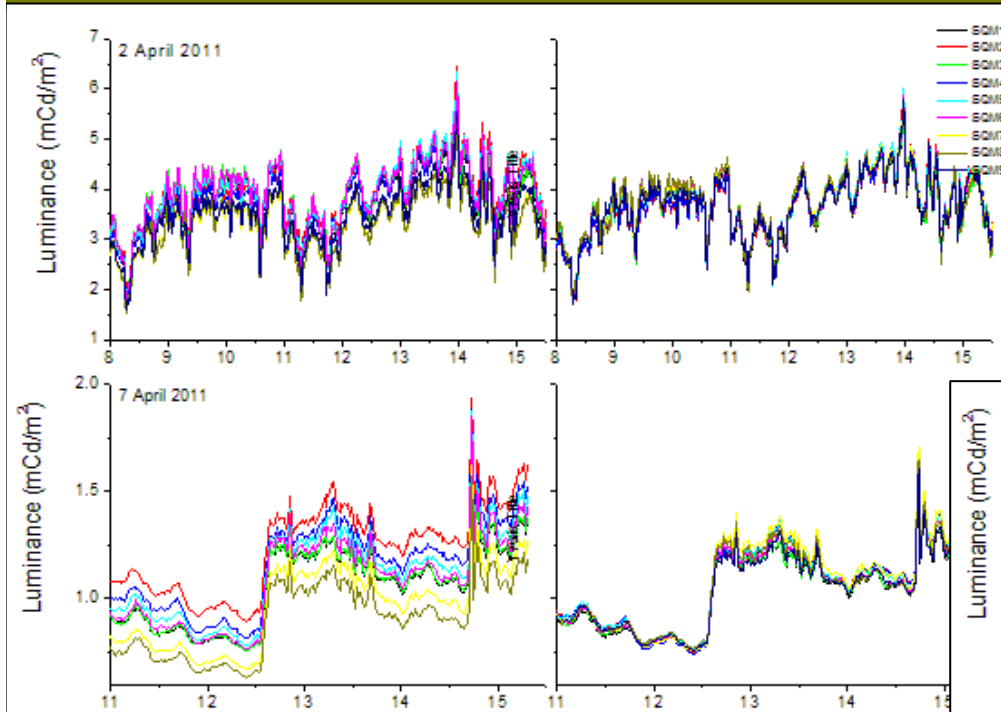


Intercalibratie van 9 SQM's

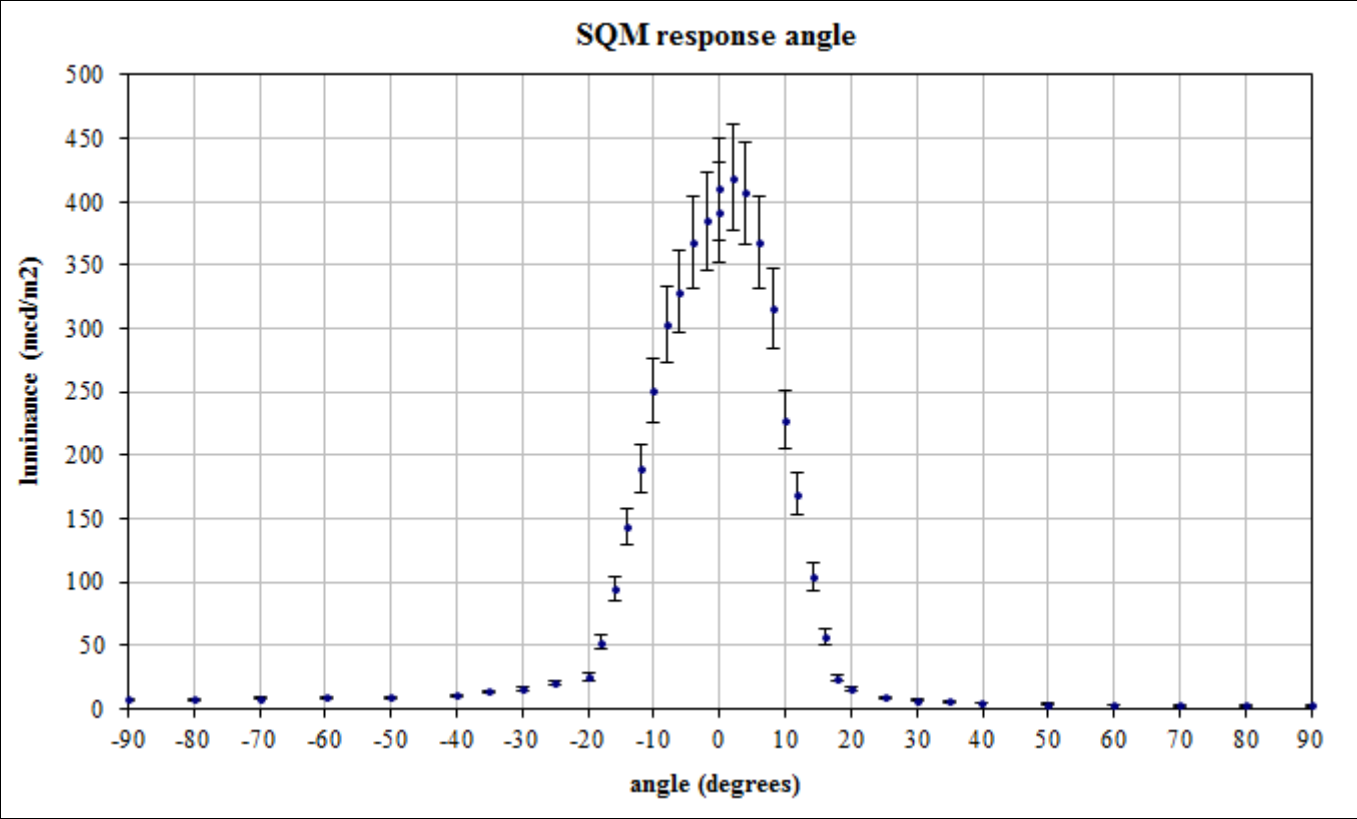








Intercomparisons of nine sky brightness detectors, P.N. den Outer, D.E. Lolkema, M. Haaima, G.R. van der Hoff, H. Spoelstra & W. Schmidt, Sensors 2011,11, 9603-9612





Meetnet Hemelhelderheid Nederland

Meetnet Hemelhelderheid Nederland

Achtergrond: lichtemissie 2006 (DMSP-OLS)

○ SQM meetlokatie

Lichtemissie ($\cdot 10^{-10} \text{ W/cm}^2/\text{sr}$)

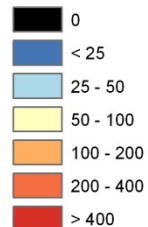
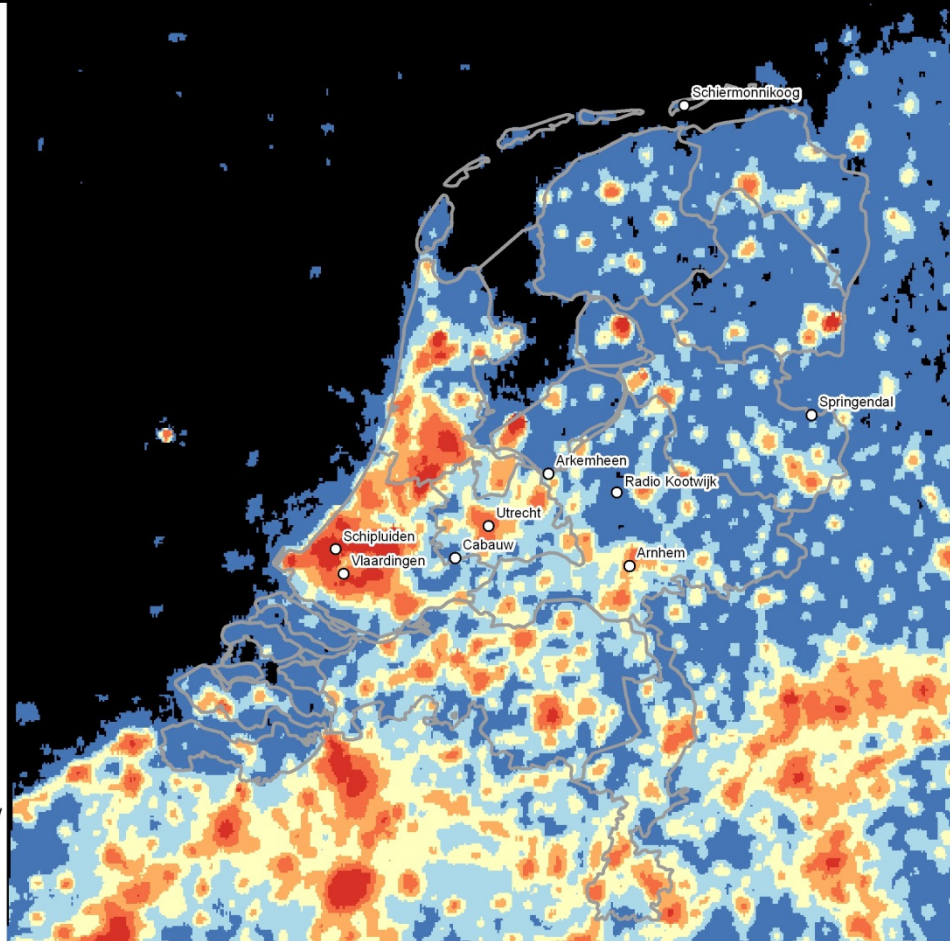
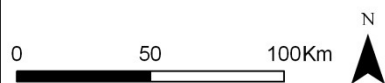


Image and Data processing by NOAA's National Geophysical Data Center. DMSP data collected by the US Air Force Weather Agency.



1. Arkemheen
2. Arnhem
3. CESAR
4. Springendal
5. Radio Kootwijk
6. Schiermonnikoog
7. Schipluiden
8. Utrecht
9. Vlaardingen





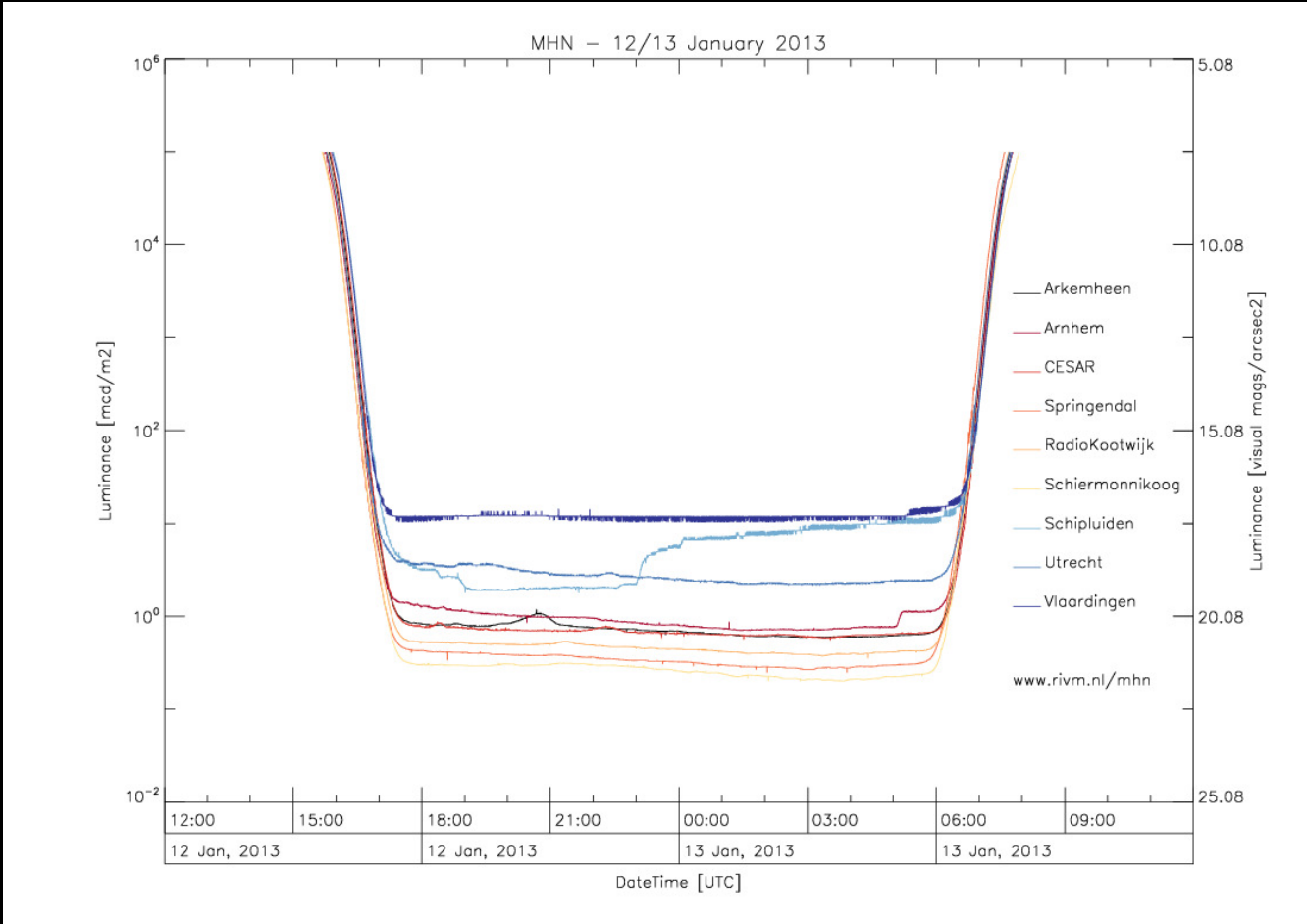


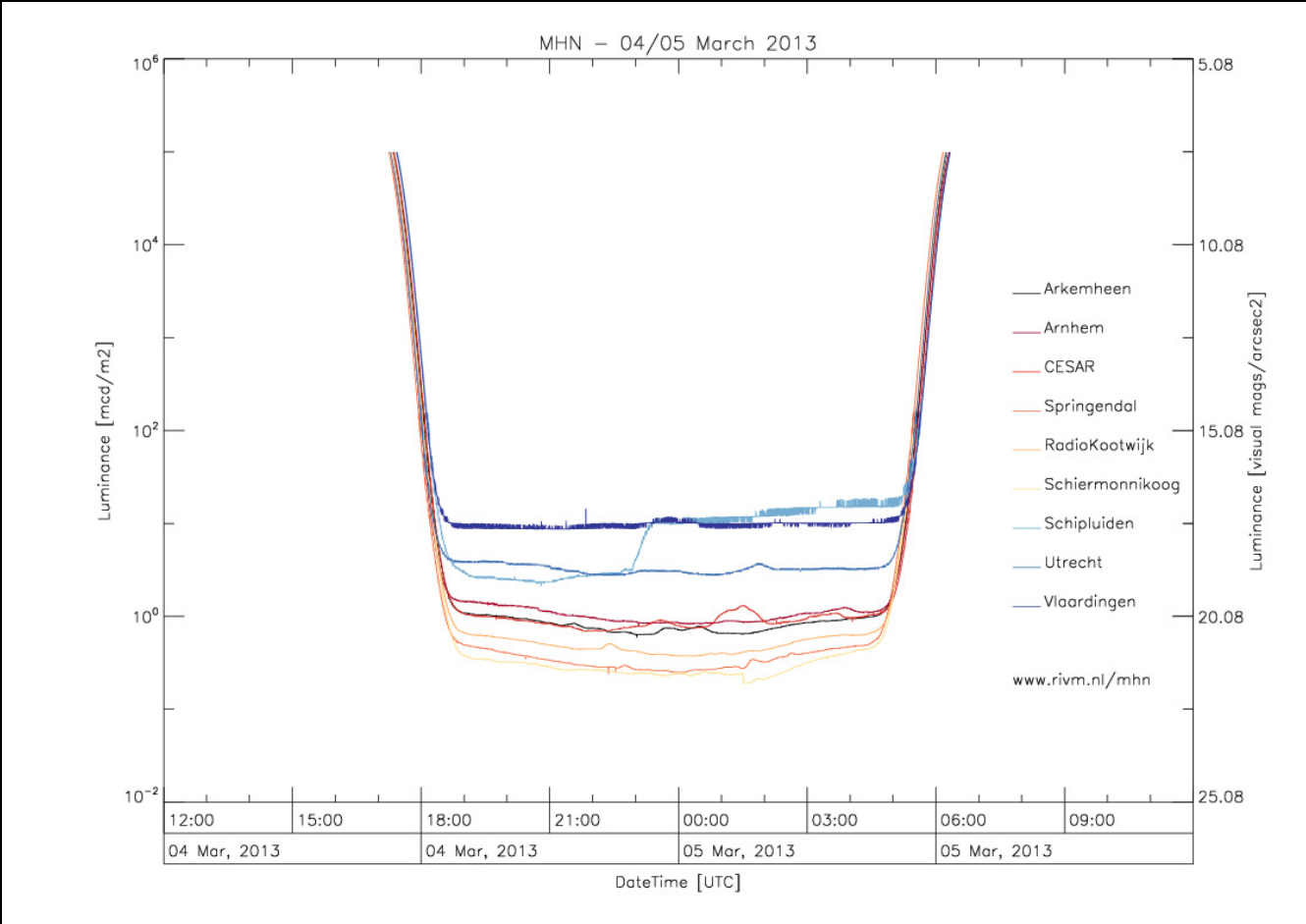


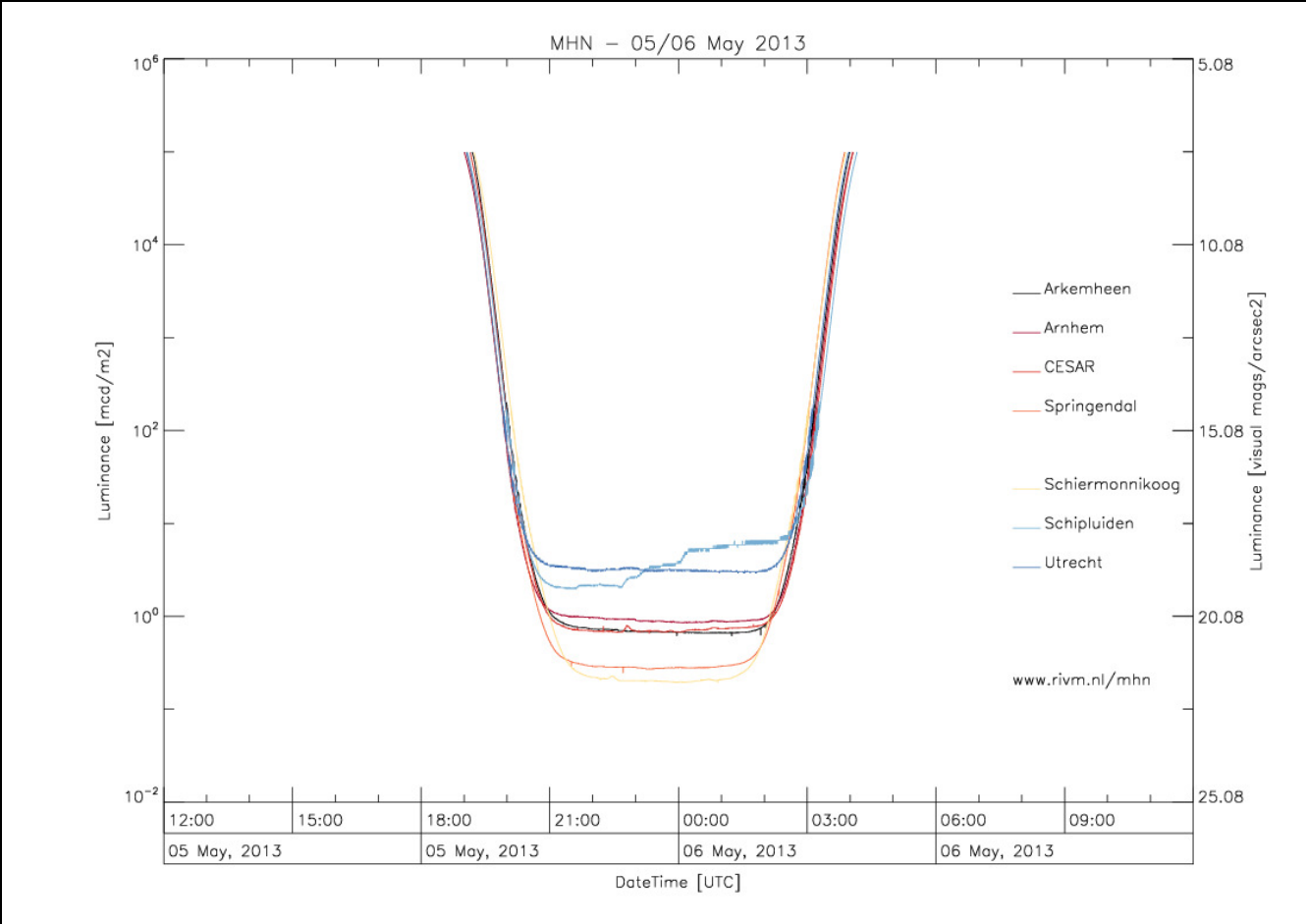


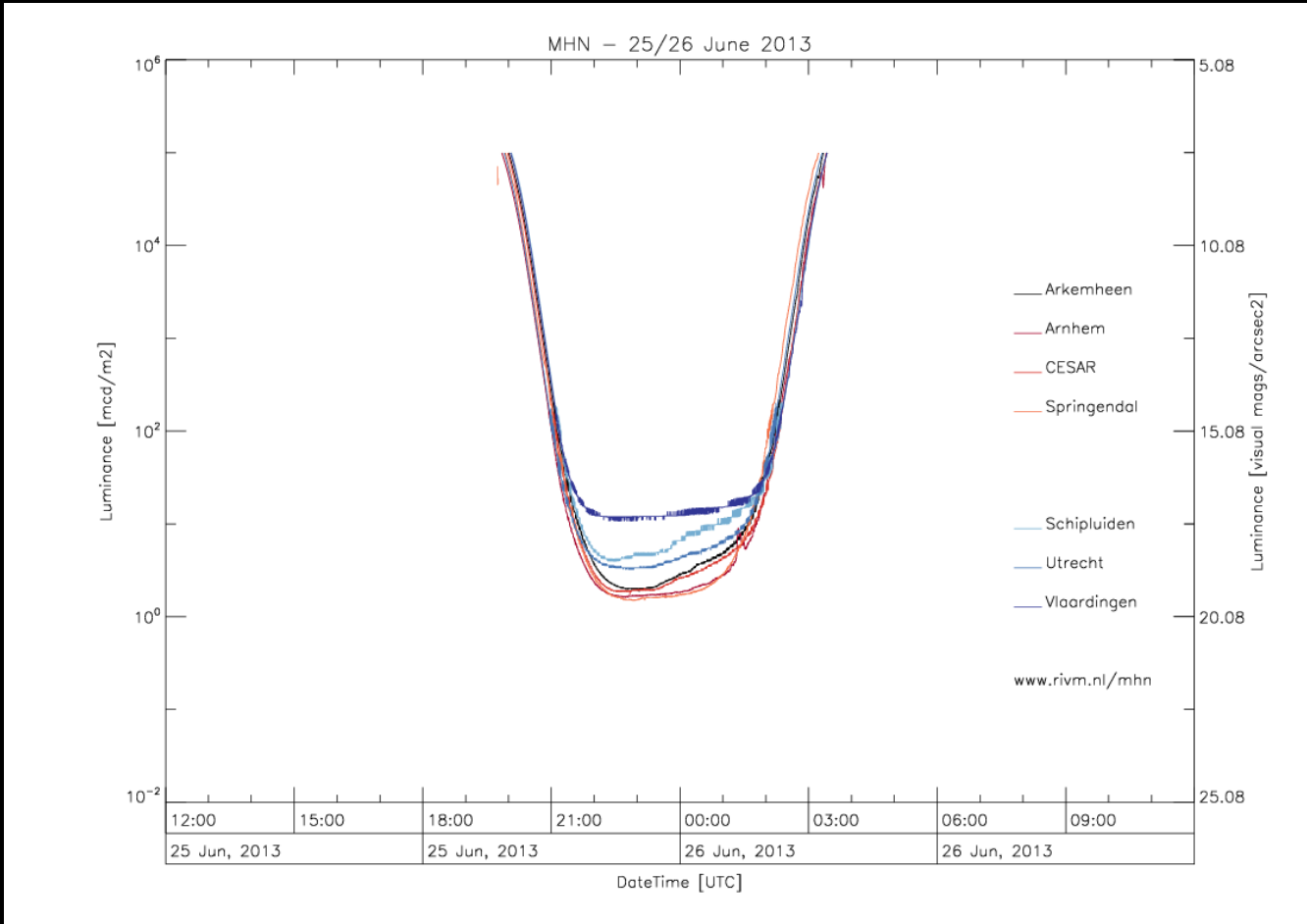
What are typical zenith luminances?

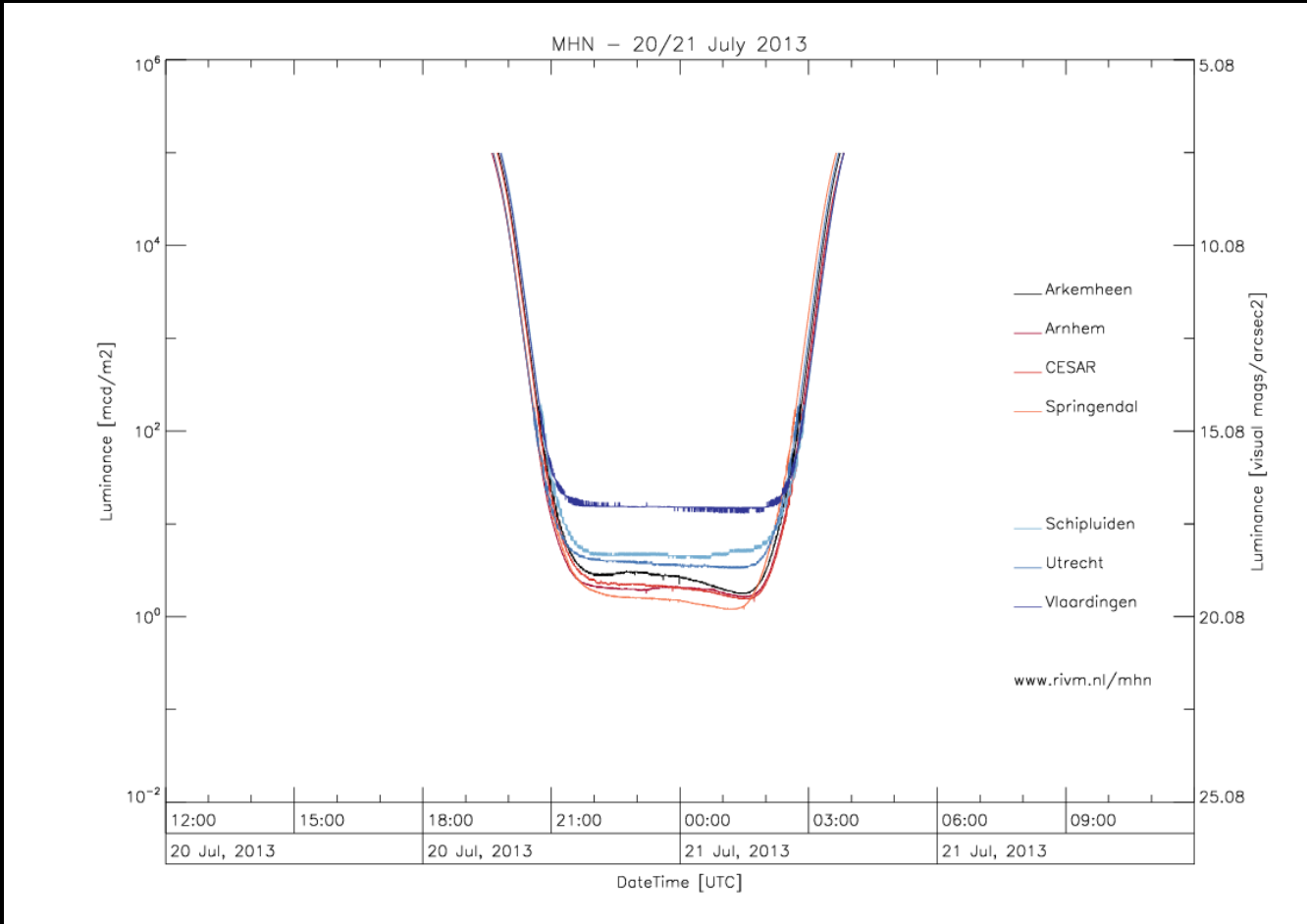
Place	Luminance (mcd/m ²)
Dark place, no artificial lighting, no sun, no moon	< 0.25
City of Amsterdam, clear night	8
CESAR (rural) clear night	1.1
CESAR (rural) cloudy night	> 25

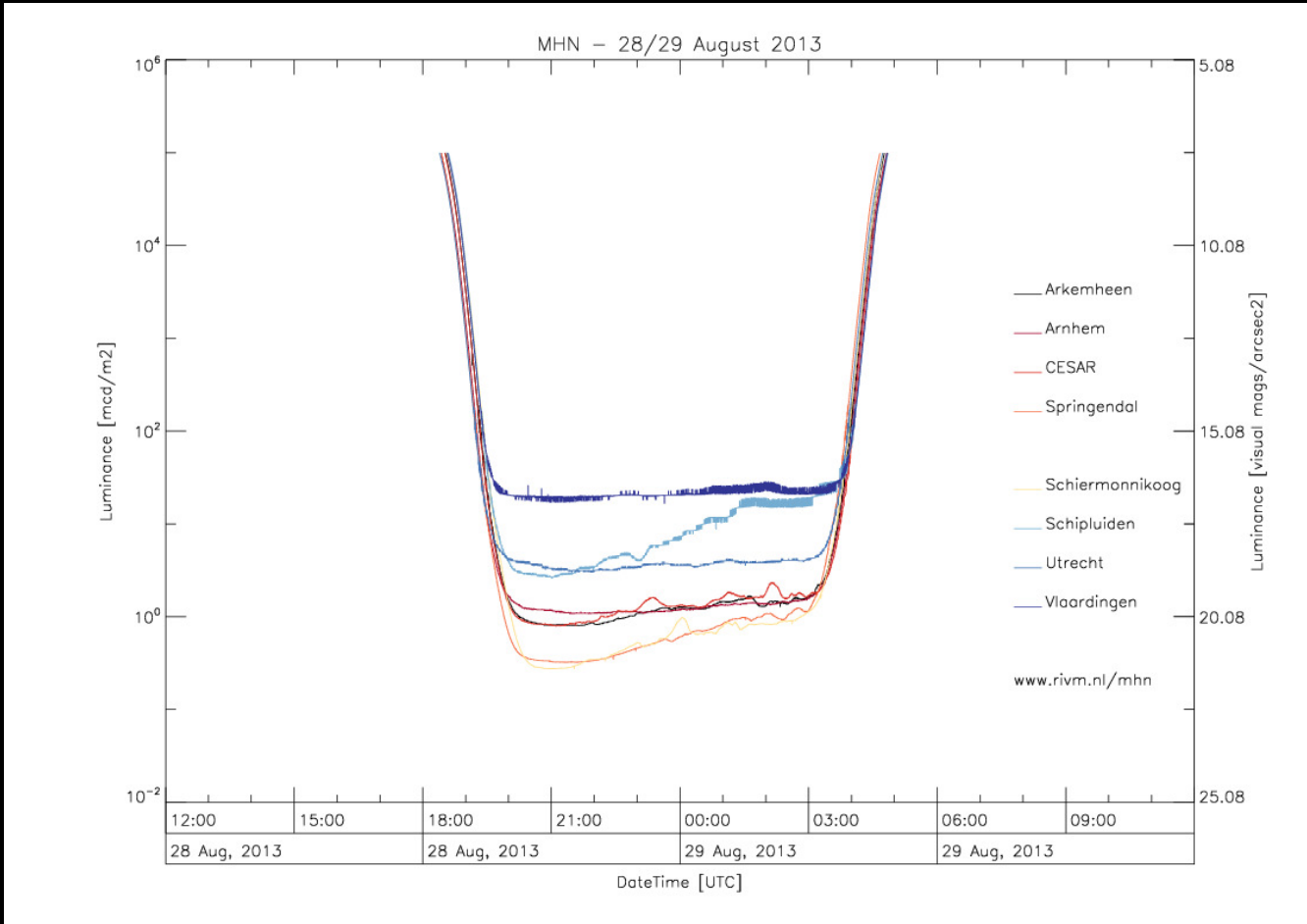


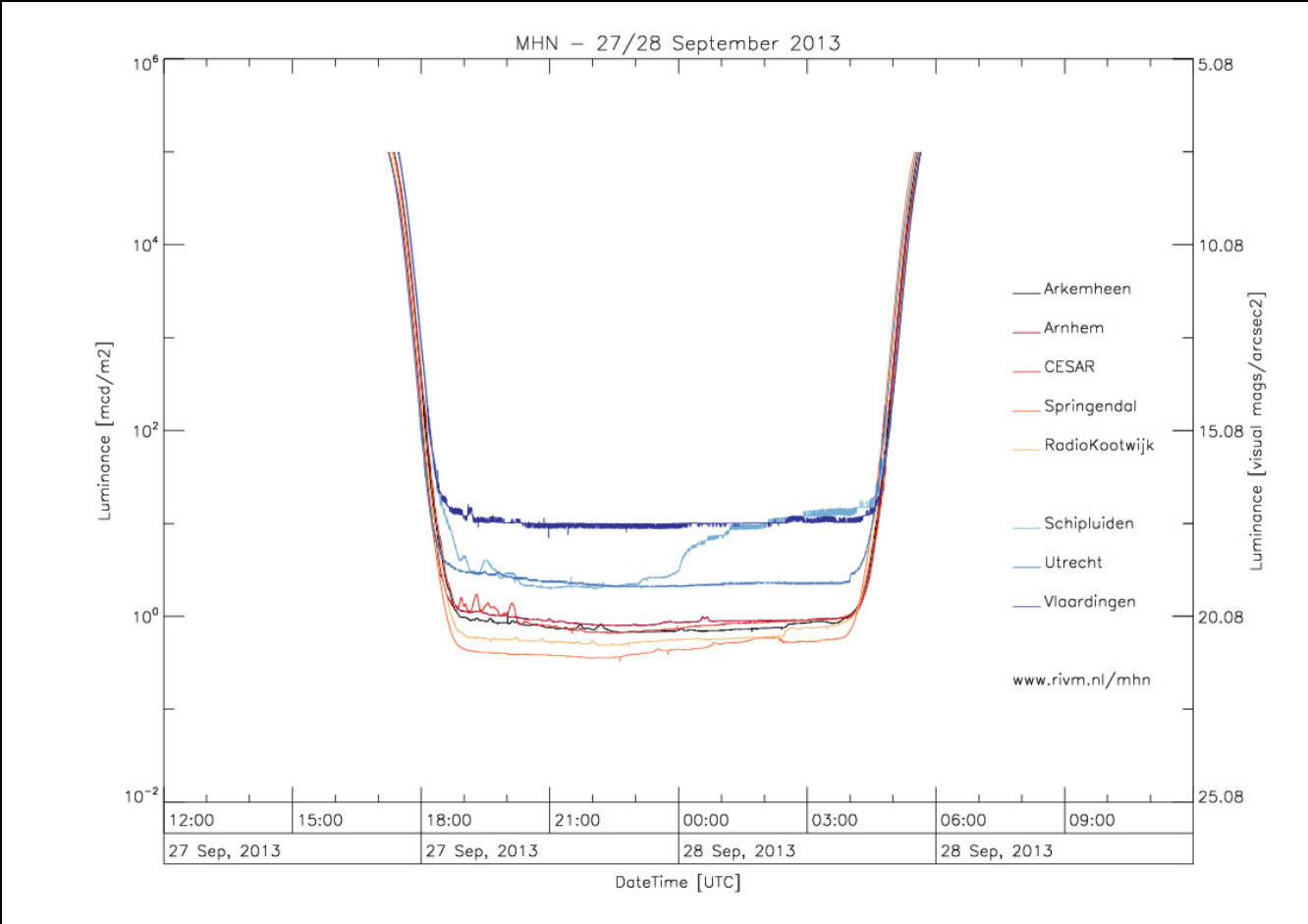






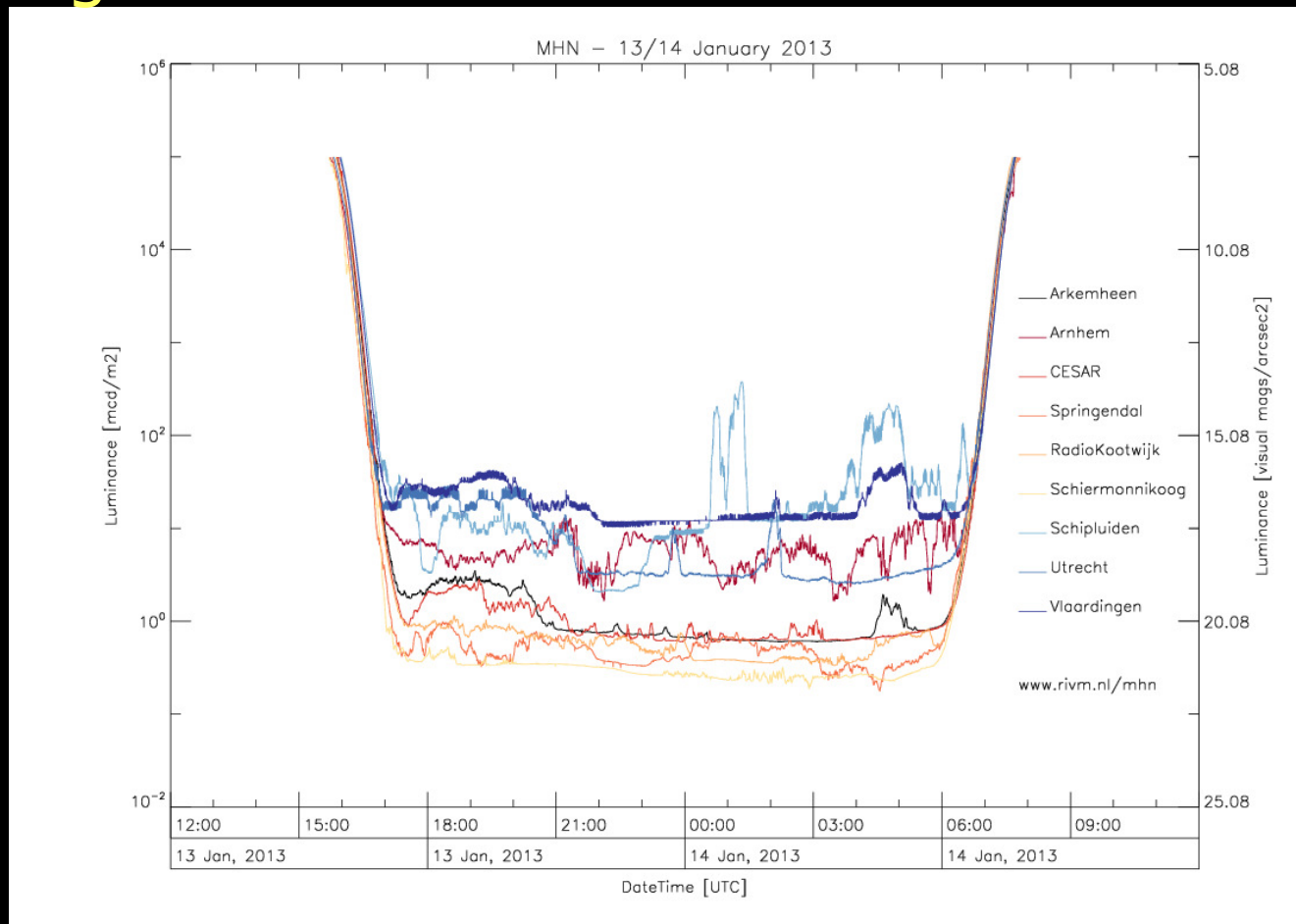






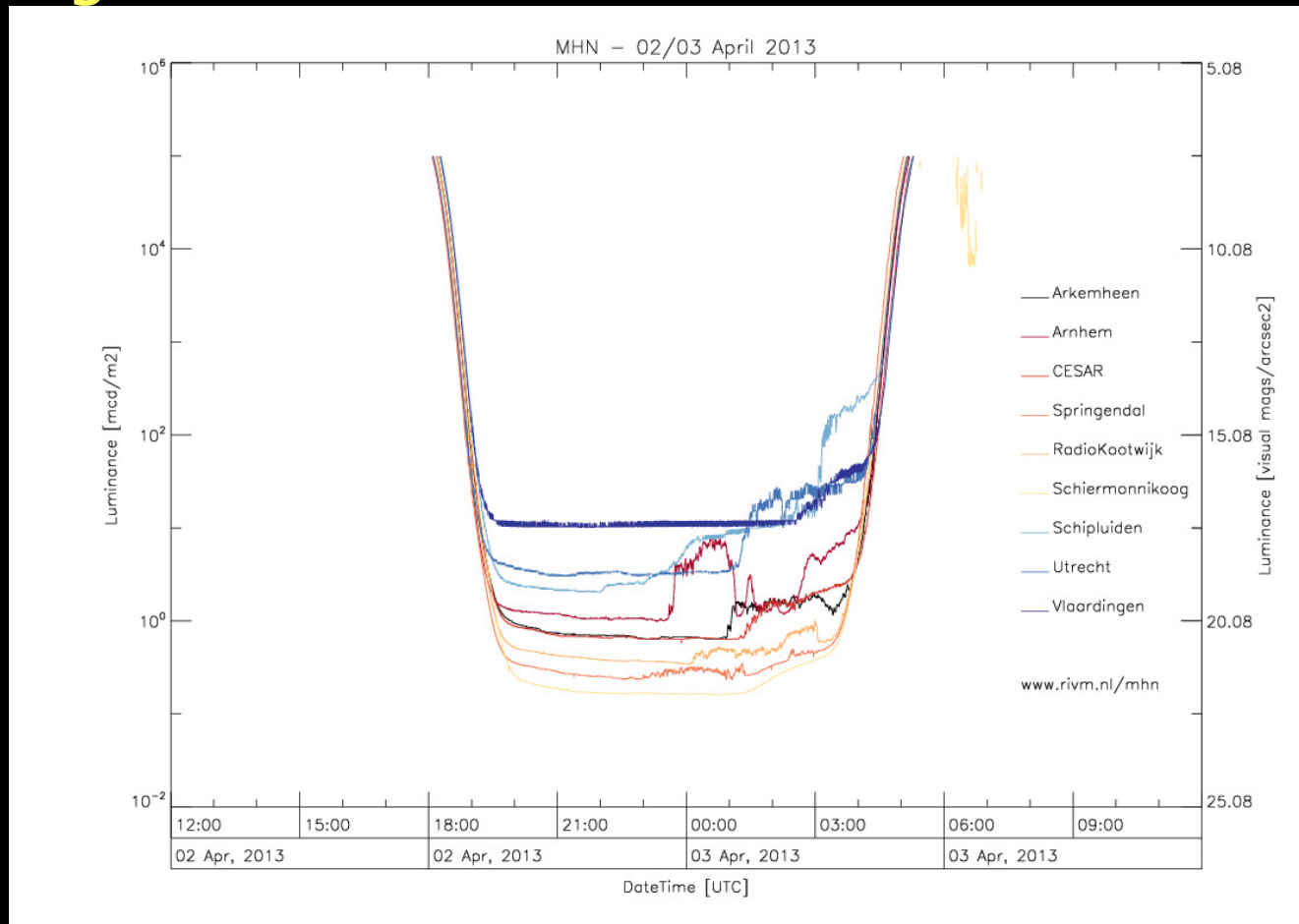


bewolking



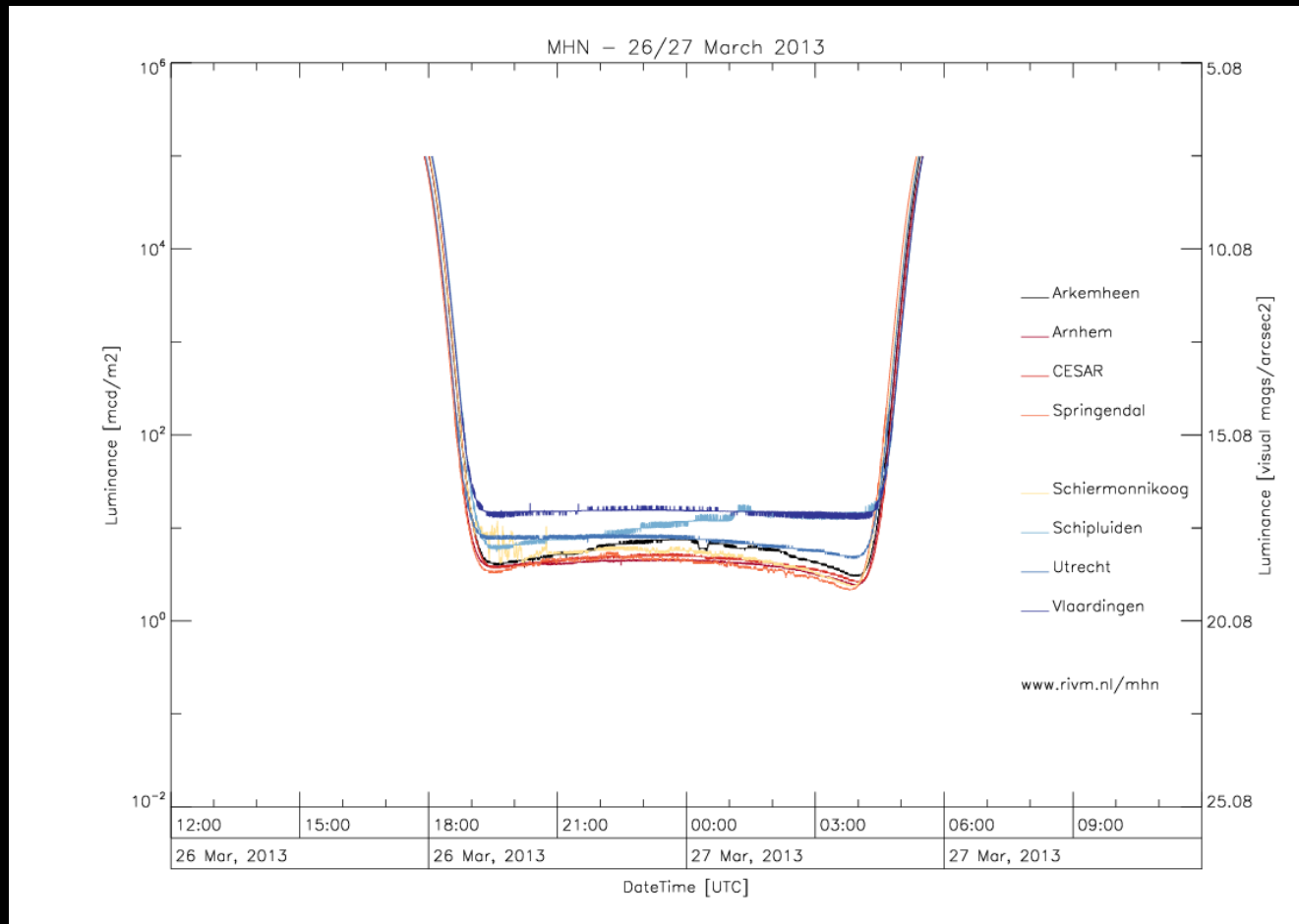


bewolking



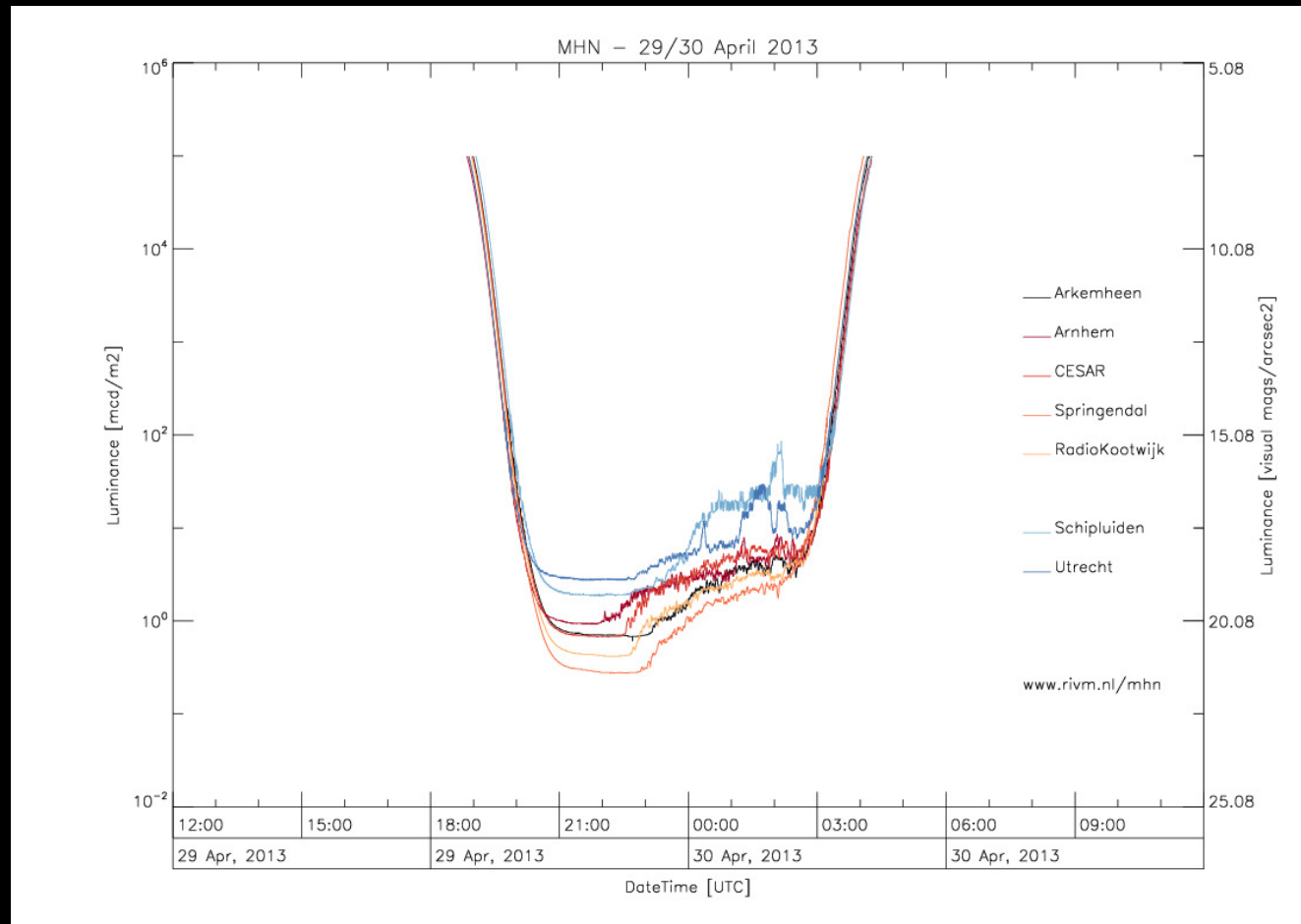


maan



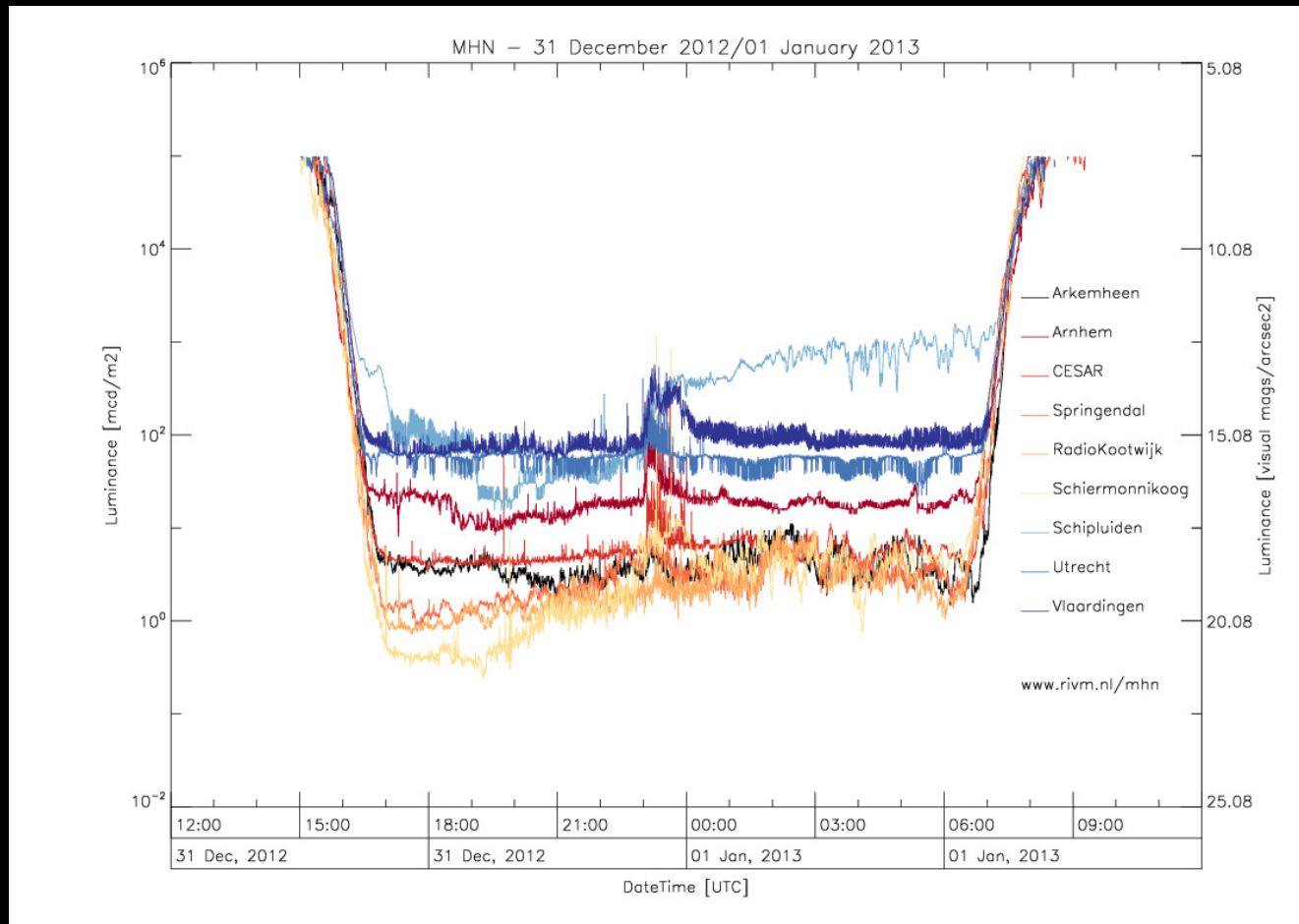


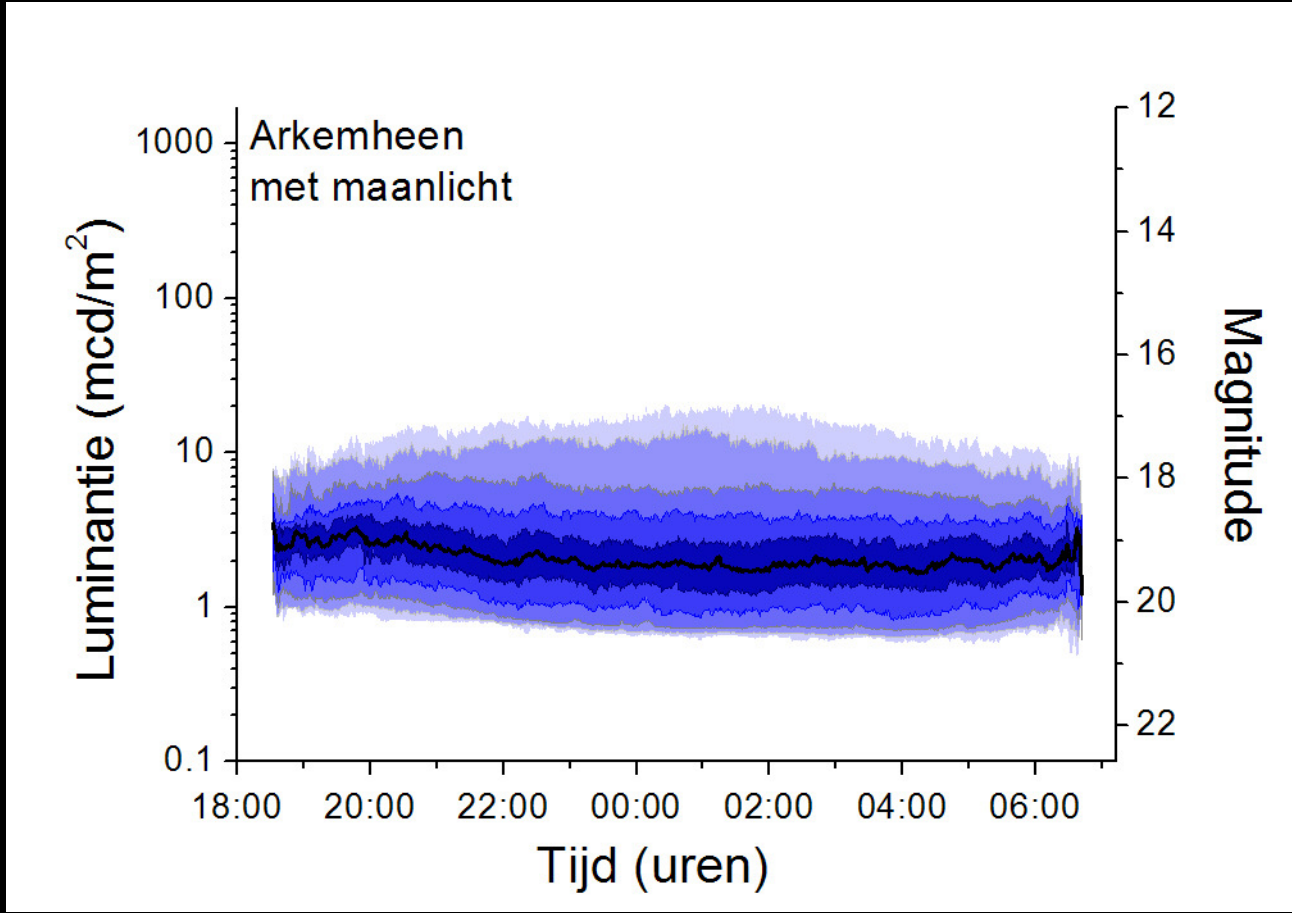
maan

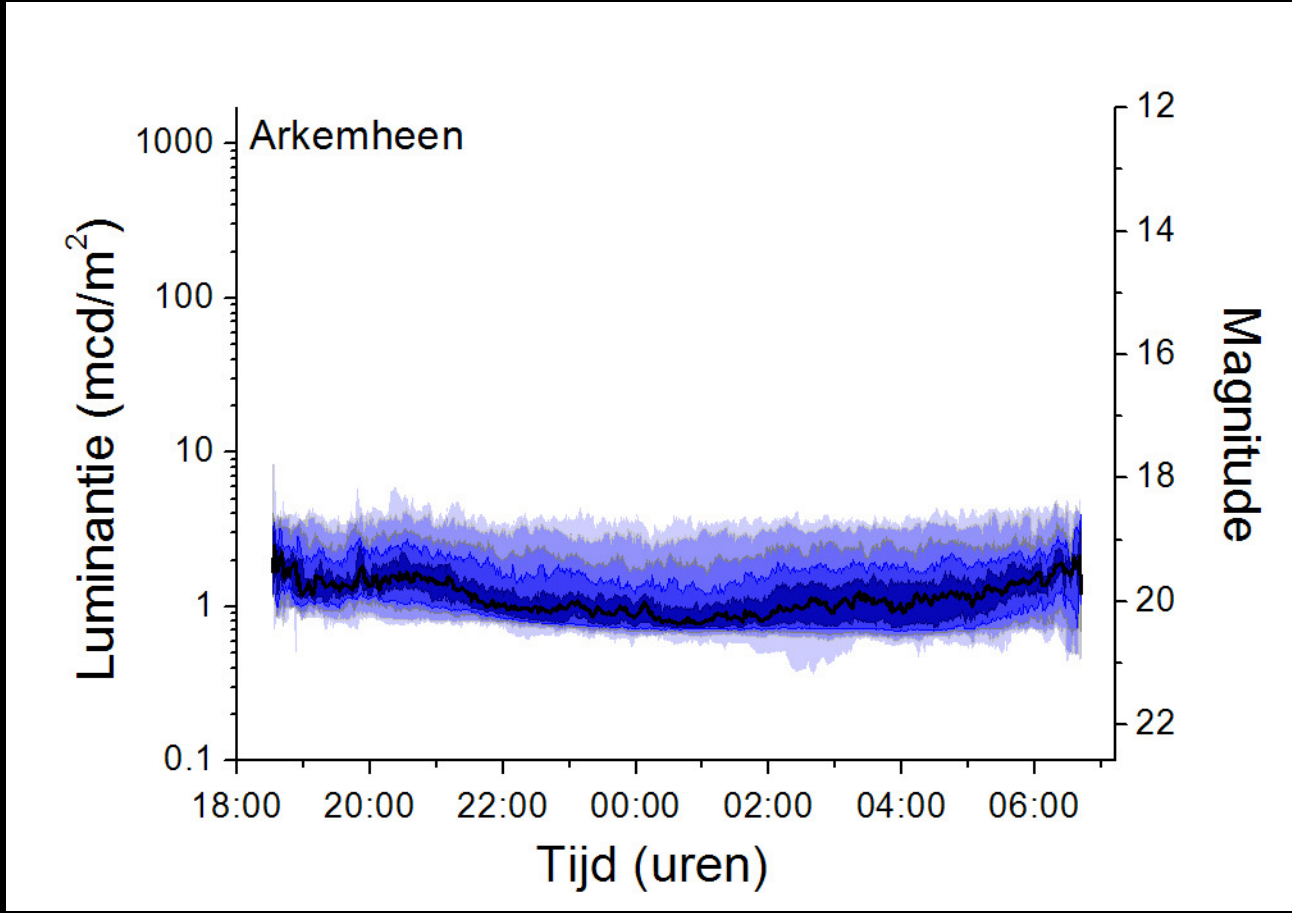


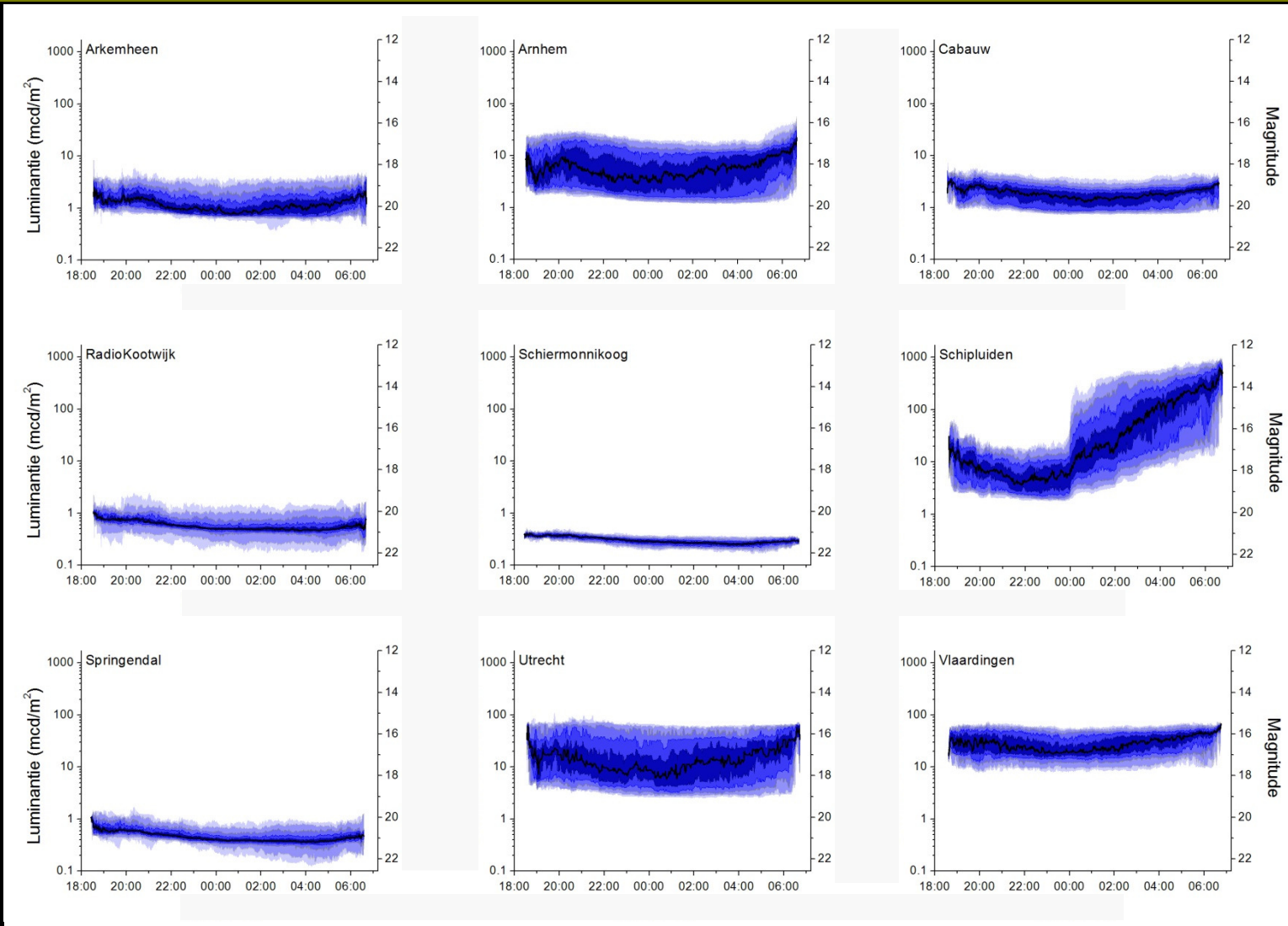


31 dec



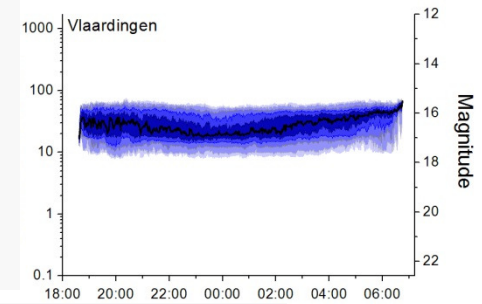
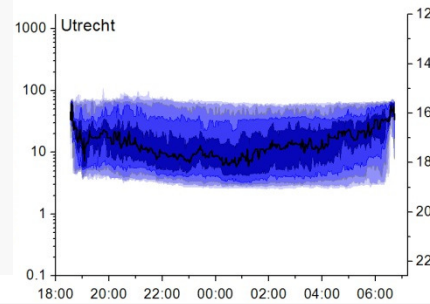
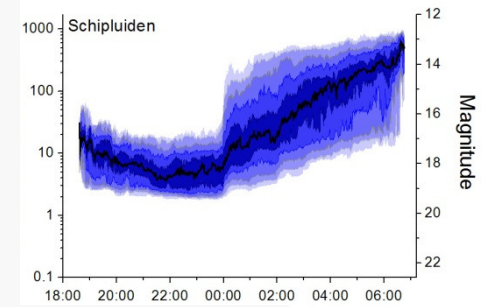
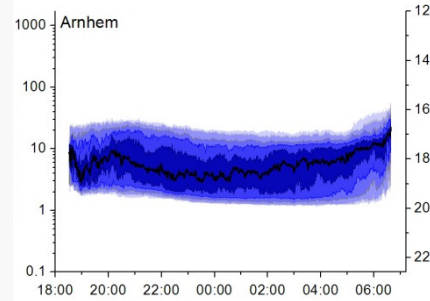






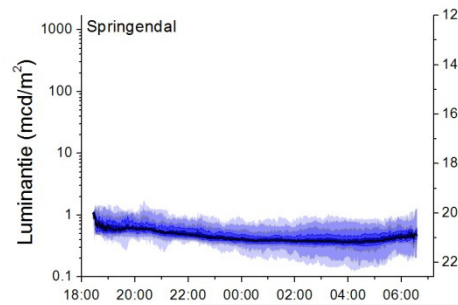
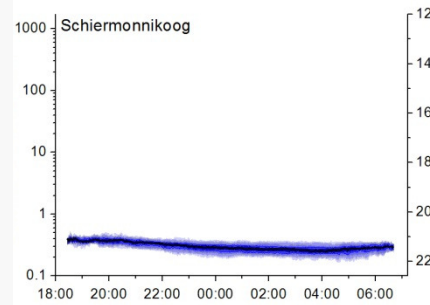
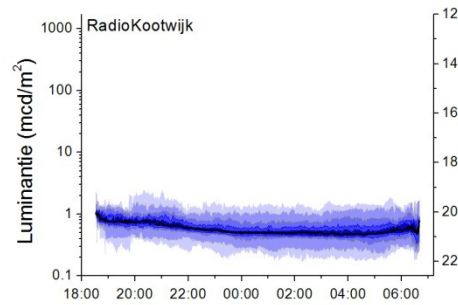
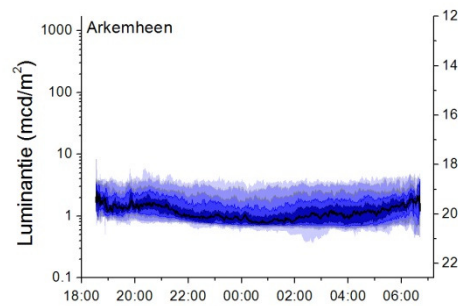


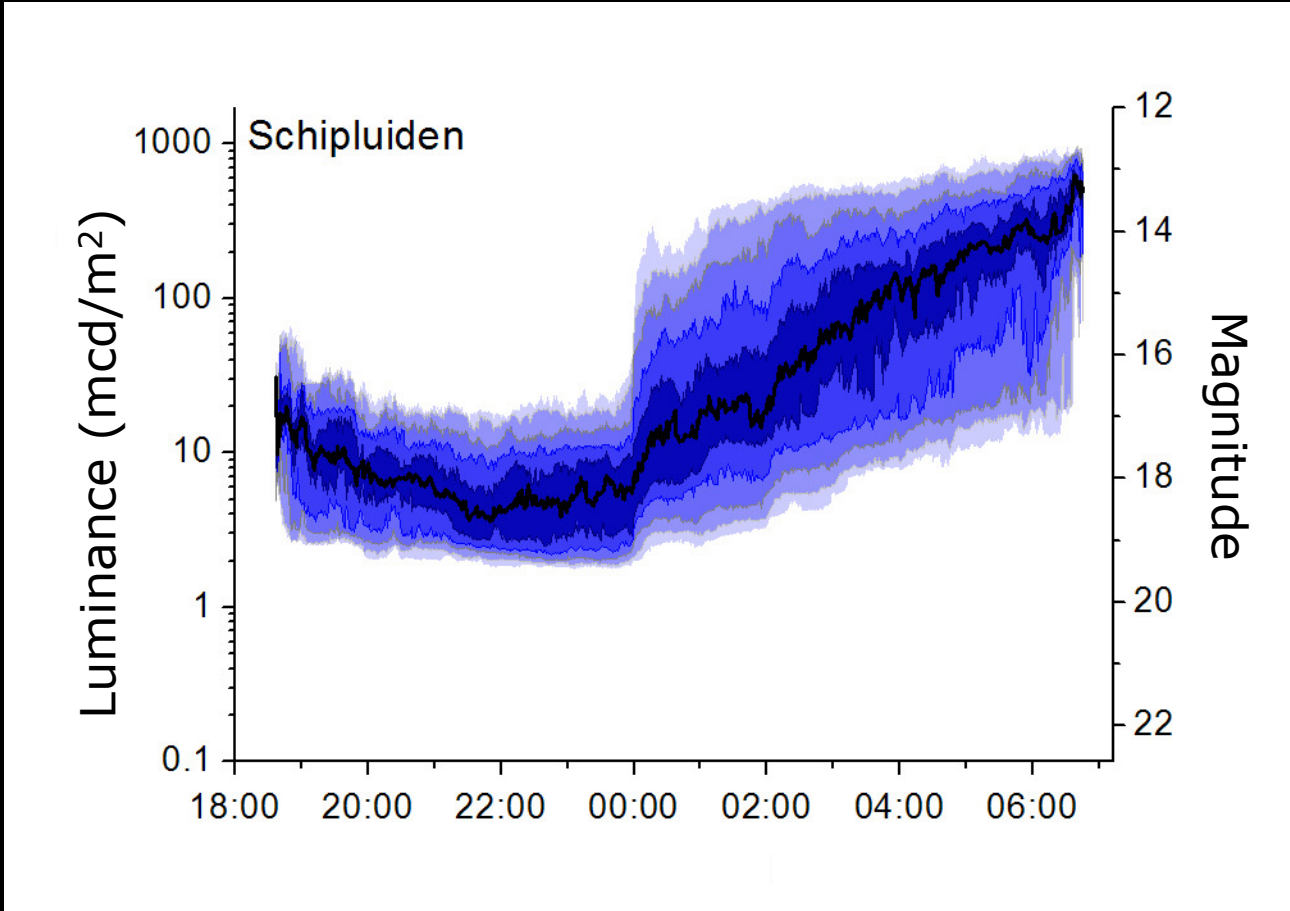
populated areas

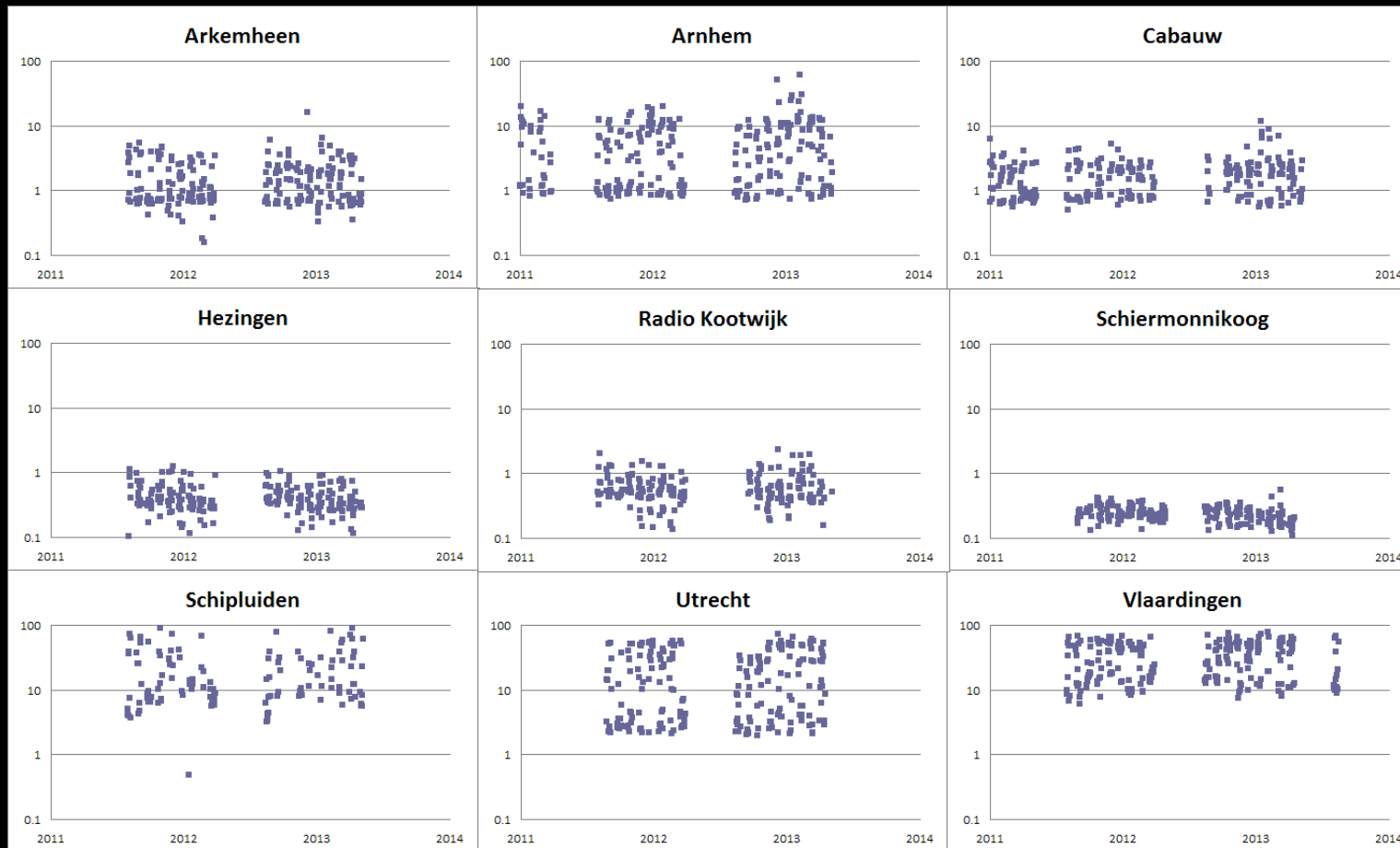


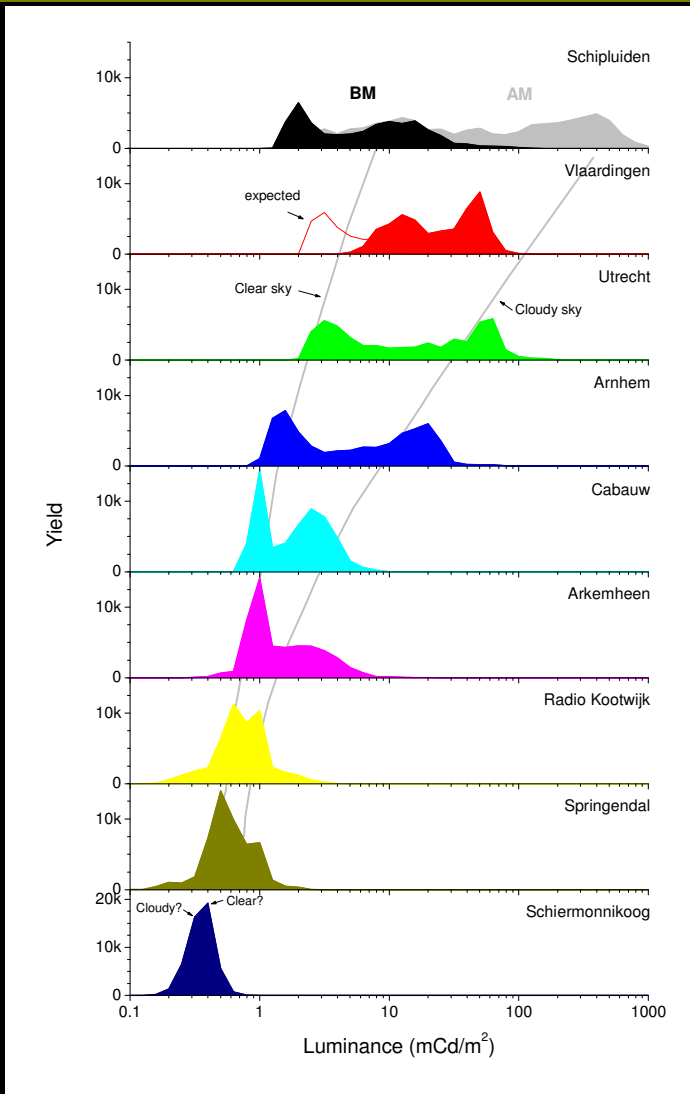


Nature areas "natura 2000"











Bruikbaarheid data MHN:

- Verschillen en variaties van hemelhelderheid op verschillende lokaties zijn goed te monitoren met relatief goedkope middelen
- Invloed lokale regelgeving op lichtemissie en gevolg op hemelhelderheid is goed te meten
- Relatie hemelhelderheid en wolkenhoogte/bedekkingsgraad
- Verbetering IPO-licht model
- Lange termijn monitoring zou toe -of afname in hemelderheid kunnen aantonen.